

ACE Kerosene

HEALTH		2
FLAMMABILITY	2	
PHYSICAL HAZ.	0	
PPE	C	



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1. Product and Company Identification

Product Code: ACE1210
Product Name: ACE Kerosene
Reference #: ACE1210
Manufacturer Information
Company Name: W. M. Barr
2105 Channel Avenue
Memphis, TN 38113
Phone Number: (901)775-0100
Emergency Contact: 3E 24 Hour Emergency Contact (800)451-8346
Information: W.M. Barr Customer Service (800)398-3892
Web site address: www.wmbarr.com
Preparer Name: W.M. Barr EHS Dept (901)775-0100
Synonyms
GA12030

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	Concentration	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
1. Stoddard solvent {Mineral spirits; Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates; White spirits}	8052-41-3	95.0 -100.0 %	500 ppm	100 ppm

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Caution! Combustible! Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and all other sources of ignition. Vapors may cause fire. Vapors may travel long distances to other areas and rooms away from work site. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and all other sources of ignition anywhere in the structure, dwelling or building during use and until all vapors are gone from work site and all areas away from the work site. Keep away from electrical outlets and switches. Beware of static electricity that may be generated by synthetic clothing and other sources.

OSHA Regulatory Status:

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic)

Inhalation Acute Exposure Effects:

Vapor concentration may cause headache, dizziness, irritation of the respiratory tract, eye irritation, stupor, depression of the central nervous system, watering of the eyes, weakness, nausea, muscle twitches, and kidney effects. Aspiration into lungs may cause pneumonia or death. Severe overexposure may cause convulsions, unconsciousness, and death.

Skin Contact Acute Exposure Effects:

May cause irritation.

Eye Contact Acute Exposure Effects:

Liquid contact may cause irritation.

Ingestion Acute Exposure Effects:

Causes irritation of the stomach and intestines, resulting in nausea and vomiting.

Chronic Exposure Effects:

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with neurological and other physiological damage. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause redness, irritation, and scaling of the skin. May cause skin irritation, anemia, bone marrow damage, liver damage, and jaundice.

Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure

See Potential Health Effects.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure

None known.

4. First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures**Inhalation:**

If user experiences breathing difficulty, move to air free of vapors. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration until medical assistance can be rendered.

Skin contact:

Wash with soap and large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation from contact persists.

Eye contact:

Immediately flush eyes with water, remove any contact lens, continue flushing with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Call your poison control center, hospital emergency room, or physician immediately.

Note to Physician

Call your local poison control center for further instructions.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammability Classification:

II

Flash Pt:

> 101.00 F Method Used: Setaflash Closed Cup (Rapid Setaflash)

Explosive Limits:

LEL: 0.5 UEL: 6

Autoignition Pt:

446.00 F

Fire Fighting Instructions

Self-contained respiratory protection should be provided for fire fighters fighting fires in buildings or confined areas. Storage containers exposed to fire should be kept cool with water spray to prevent pressure build-up. Stay away from heads of containers that have been exposed to intense heat or flame.

Flammable Properties and Hazards

Vapors can be heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, sparks, flame, and other ignition sources distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near container (even empty) because product (even residue) can ignite.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and various hydrocarbons

Extinguishing Media

Use carbon dioxide, dry powder, or foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream, as this may spread the fire.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled

Isolate the immediate area. Prevent unauthorized entry. Eliminate all sources of ignition in area and downwind of the spill area. Stay upwind, out of low areas, and ventilate closed spaces before entering. All equipment used when handling this product must be grounded or non-sparking. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, or confined areas. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other non-combustible material and transfer to compatible containers. For large spills, dike ahead of the spill.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling

Read carefully all cautions and directions on product label before use. Since empty container retains residue, follow all label warnings even after container is empty. Dispose of empty container according to all regulations. Do not reuse this container.

Precautions To Be Taken in Storing

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not store near flames or at elevated temperatures.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type)

When refueling, if possible, use outdoors in an open air area. If refueling indoors, open all windows and doors and maintain a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea or eye-watering -- Stop -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately. Always follow appliance manufacturer's directions for fueling, ignition, and all other activities associated with use of the appliance.

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

If the work area is not properly ventilated to keep airborne levels below their exposure limits, you must use a properly fitted and maintained NIOSH approved respirator for organic vapors. A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shields are recommended to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury.

Protective Gloves

Wear impermeable gloves. Gloves contaminated with product should be discarded. Promptly remove clothing that becomes soiled with product.

Other Protective Clothing

Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment, such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure.

Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.)

Use only with adequate ventilation to prevent build-up of vapors. Open all windows and doors. Use only with a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea, or eye-watering -- Stop -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices

A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin.

Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area. Wash hands thoroughly after use.

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Before reuse, thoroughly clean any clothing or protective equipment that has been contaminated by prior use.
Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated, such as gloves or shoes.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical States: ☐ Gas ☒ Liquid ☐ Solid
Melting Point: No data.
Boiling Point: 298.00 F - 425.00 F
Autoignition Pt: 446.00 F
Flash Pt: > 101.00 F Method Used: Setaflash Closed Cup (Rapid Setaflash)
Explosive Limits: LEL: 0.5 UEL: 6
Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.78
Bulk density: No data.
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg): 0.22 MM HG at 68.0 F
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1): 4.7
Evaporation Rate (vs Butyl Acetate=1): No data.
Solubility in Water: No data.
Solubility Notes
Slightly soluble in cold water (<0.1% w/w)
Percent Volatile: 100.0 % by weight.
VOC / Volume: 784.0000 G/L
Heat Value: No data.
Particle Size: No data.
Corrosion Rate: No data.
pH: No data.

Appearance and Odor

Transparent, colorless, solvent odor

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Unstable ☐ Stable ☒

Conditions To Avoid - Instability

No data available.

Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid

Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, and alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition Or Byproducts

Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will occur ☐ Will not occur ☒

Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Polymerization

No data available.

11. Toxicological Information

No data available.

Carcinogenicity/Other Information

No data available.

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
1. Stoddard solvent {Mineral spirits; Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates; White spirits}	8052-41-3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

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12. Ecological Information

No data available.

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal regulations.

14. Transport Information

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT)

DOT Proper Shipping Name

Not regulated.

15. Regulatory Information

US EPA SARA Title III

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)

CAS

Sec.302 (EHS)

Sec.304 RQ

Sec.313 (TRI)

Sec.110

1. Stoddard solvent {Mineral spirits; Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates; White spirits}

8052-41-3

No

No

No

US EPA CAA, CWA, TSCA

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)

CAS

EPA CAA

EPA CWA NPDES

EPA TSCA

CA PROP 65

1. Stoddard solvent {Mineral spirits; Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates; White spirits}

8052-41-3

No

Inventory

SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists:

Sec.302:

EPA SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemical with TPQ. * indicates 10000 LB TPQ if not volatile.

Sec.304:

EPA SARA Title III Section 304: CERCLA Reportable + Sec.302 with Reportable Quantity. ** indicates statutory RQ.

Sec.313:

EPA SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory. Note: -Cat indicates a member of a chemical category.

Sec.110:

EPA SARA 110 Superfund Site Priority Contaminant List

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Lists:

Inventory:

Chemical Listed in the TSCA Inventory.

5A(2):

Chemical Subject to Significant New Rules (SNURS)

6A:

Commercial Chemical Control Rules

8A:

Toxic Substances Subject To Information Rules on Production

8A CAIR:

Comprehensive Assessment Information Rules - (CAIR)

8A PAIR:

Preliminary Assessment Information Rules - (PAIR)

8C:

Records of Allegations of Significant Adverse Reactions

8D:

Health and Safety Data Reporting Rules

8D TERM:

Health and Safety Data Reporting Rule Terminations

12(b):

Notice of Export

Other Important Lists:

CWA NPDES:

EPA Clean Water Act NPDES Permit Chemical

CAA HAP:

EPA Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant

CAA ODC:

EPA Clean Air Act Ozone Depleting Chemical (1=CFC, 2=HCFC)

CA PROP 65:

California Proposition 65

International Regulatory Lists:

EPA Hazard Categories:

This material meets the EPA 'Hazard Categories' defined for SARA Title III Sections 311/312 as indicated:

[X] Yes [] No Acute (immediate) Health Hazard

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- ☒ Yes ☐ No Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard
☒ Yes ☐ No Fire Hazard
☐ Yes ☒ No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
☐ Yes ☒ No Reactive Hazard

16. Other Information

Company Policy or Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.